(b) Address. All notices, documents and information required to be filed with the PBGC under this part shall be addressed to Reports Processing, Insurance Operations Department, Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation, 1200 K Street NW., Washington, DC 20005–4026.

§ 4281.4 Collection of information.

The collection of information requirements contained in this part have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1212–0032.

Subpart B—Valuation of Plan Benefits and Plan Assets

§ 4281.11 Valuation dates.

- (a) Annual valuations of mass-with-drawal-terminated plans. The valuation dates for the annual valuation required under section 4281(b) of ERISA shall be the last day of the plan year in which the plan terminates and the last day of each plan year thereafter.
- (b) Valuations related to mass with-drawal reallocation liability. The valuation date for determining the value of unfunded vested benefits (for purposes of allocation) under section 4219(c)(1)(D) of ERISA shall be—
- (1) If the plan terminates by mass withdrawal, the last day of the plan year in which the plan terminates; or
- (2) If substantially all the employers withdraw from the plan pursuant to an agreement or arrangement to withdraw from the plan, the last day of the plan year as of which substantially all employers have withdrawn from the plan pursuant to the agreement or arrangement.

§ 4281.12 Benefits to be valued.

- (a) Form of benefit. The plan sponsor shall determine the form of each benefit to be valued, without regard to the form of benefit valued in any prior year, in accordance with the following rules:
- (1) If a benefit is in pay status as of the valuation date, the plan sponsor shall value the form of benefit being paid.
- (2) If a benefit is not in pay status as of the valuation date but a valid election with respect to the form of benefit has been made on or before the valu-

- ation date, the plan sponsor shall value the form of benefit so elected.
- (3) If a benefit is not in pay status as of the valuation date and no valid election with respect to the form of benefit has been made on or before the valuation date, the plan sponsor shall value the form of benefit that, under the terms of the plan or applicable law, is payable in the absence of a valid election.
- (b) *Timing of benefit*. The plan sponsor shall value benefits whose starting date is subject to election—
- (1) By assuming that the starting date of each benefit is the earliest date, not preceding the valuation date, that could be elected; or
- (2) By using any other assumption that the plan sponsor demonstrates to the satisfaction of the PBGC is more reasonable under the circumstances.

§ 4281.13 Benefit valuation methods in general.

Except as otherwise provided in §4281.16 (regarding plans that are closing out), the plan sponsor shall value benefits as of the valuation date by—

- (a) Using the interest assumptions described in Table I of appendix B to part 4044 of this chapter;
- (b) Using the mortality assumptions described in § 4281.14:
- (c) Using interpolation methods, where necessary, at least as accurate as linear interpolation;
- (d) Applying valuation formulas that accord with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices; and
- (e) Adjusting the values to reflect the loading for expenses in accordance with appendix C to part 4044 of this chapter (substituting the term "benefits" for the term "benefit liabilities (as defined in 29 U.S.C. §1301(a)(16))").

[61 FR 34118, July 1, 1996, as amended at 63 FR 38307, July 16, 1998]

§ 4281.14 Mortality assumptions.

- (a) General rule. Subject to paragraph (b) of this section (regarding certain death benefits), the plan administrator shall use the mortality factors prescribed in paragraphs (c), (d), and (e) of this section to value benefits under § 4281.13.
- (b) Certain death benefits. If an annuity for one person is in pay status on